

Series and Convergence 10.9 & 10.10 HWK Name _____

Determine whether the series converges absolutely or conditionally, or diverges.

1.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2^n}$$

2.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

3.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} n^2}{(n+1)^2}$$

4.
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n+4}}$$

5.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n^2}$$

Approximate the sum of each series by using the first five terms. Then find the error. State the interval of convergence. You may use your calculator.

$$6. \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n+1)!}$$

$$7. \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1}$$

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$$

Determine the number of terms required to approximate the sum of the series with an error less than 0.001.

$$9. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^3}$$

$$10. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n^3 - 1}$$

$$11. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!}$$