

CALCULUS BC
REVIEW CIRCUIT – PARAMETRICS AND VECTORS

NAME _____

Work problem 1. Find the problem with the answer to problem 1. Number this problem #2. Continue numbering the problems in this fashion.

Answer: 0.331

1 – Given $x = 2t^3 + 5$, $y = 6t^5 - 12t^4 + 7$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

Answer: $y - 5 = 0.902(x + 1)$

____ - A particle moves along a curve so that the velocity vector is given by $v(t) = \langle 3 \sin(e^t), 5^{\ln t} \rangle$, $t > 0$. Find the acceleration vector at $t = 2$.

Answer: 4

____ - A particle moves in the so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = e^{t/3}$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos(5t)$. What is the speed of the particle when $t = 2$?

Answer: 6.370

____ - An object moving along a curve in the xy -plane has $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3 + e^{\sin t}$. The derivative $\frac{dx}{dt}$ is not explicitly given. At time $t = 2$, the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is -5.4 . Find the value of $\frac{dx}{dt}$ when $t = 2$.

Answer: 0.647

#____ - A particle moves along a curve so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = e^{\cos t}$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = t^2 + 3 \sin t$. At $t = 1$, the particle is at the point $(4, -7)$. Find the position of the particle at the point when $t = 2$.

Answer: $\langle 3.979, -15.832 \rangle$

#____ - A particle moves in the xy -plane so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = 3t - \cos(t^2)$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = 4t + \sin t$. For $0 \leq t \leq 1$, what is the value of t at which the line tangent to the path of the particle is vertical?

Answer: 2.121

#____ - A particle moves in the xy -plane so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = \sin(t^2)$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = e^{\cos t}$. At $t = 3$, the particle is at the position $(-1, 5)$. Write the equation of the tangent line to the curve at the point where $t = 3$.

Answer: -1.015

#____ - A particle moves along a curve in the xy -plane so the its position is given by $x(t) = 3t + \sin(t^2)$ and $y(t) = 5 + \cos(e^{2t})$, $0 \leq t \leq \pi$. Find the velocity vector when the particle's horizontal position is $x = 4$.

Answer: $5t^2 - 8t$

#____ - Use your answer to the previous problem to find $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$.

Answer: $(5.113, -1.797)$

#____ - A particle moves along a curve so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = \sin\left(e^{t/4}\right)$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = \sqrt{t^2 + 5}$. Find the total distance traveled by the particle over the time interval $1 \leq t \leq 3$.

Answer: $\langle 9.939, 2.455 \rangle$

#____ - A particle moves along a curve so that $\frac{dx}{dt} = \cos(t^2)$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = e^{\sin t}$. For what value of t , $0 < t < 1$, does the tangent line to the curve have a slope of 2?

Answer: $\frac{10t - 8}{6t^2}$

#____ - The position of a particle moving in the xy -plane is given by the parametric equations $x(t) = t^3 - 6t^2$ and $y(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 - 24t$. For what value of t is the particle at rest?