

Pre-Calculus Notes

Name: _____

Section 5.4 - Sum and Difference Formulas

Example 1: True or False? Try it out with your calculator.

a. $\cos 55^\circ = \cos 20^\circ + \cos 35^\circ$

b. $\sin 20^\circ = \sin(90^\circ - 70^\circ)$

Note: We will generally use the following formulas to find **EXACT** function values for angles other than $30^\circ, 45^\circ$, or 60° .

Refer to your formula sheet for the Sum and Difference Formulas.

Example 2: Express each angle in terms of the sine, cosine, or tangent of one angle.

a. $\cos 20^\circ \cos 35^\circ - \sin 20^\circ \sin 35^\circ$

b. $\cos \frac{7\pi}{6} \cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + \sin \frac{7\pi}{6} \sin \frac{5\pi}{6}$

c. $\sin 40^\circ \cos 35^\circ - \cos 40^\circ \sin 35^\circ$

d.
$$\frac{\tan 140^\circ - \tan 60^\circ}{1 + (\tan 140^\circ)(\tan 60^\circ)}$$

Example 3: Use the identities to find the EXACT value of the expression

a. $\cos 15^\circ \cos 60^\circ + \sin 15^\circ \sin 60^\circ$

b.
$$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)}$$

Use the formulas above to find the **EXACT VALUES** for the following functions:

Ex. 4) $\cos(75^\circ) = \cos(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) =$

Ex. 5) $\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) = \sin\left(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}\right) =$

Ex. 6) $\sin(195^\circ) = \sin(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \text{ or } \sin(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$

Ex. 7) $\sin\left(\frac{-7\pi}{12}\right) = \underline{\hspace{3cm}}$

Ex. 8) $\tan\left(\frac{-7\pi}{12}\right) = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

Example 9) Given $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ with $\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$, and $\frac{\pi}{2} < \beta < \pi$ with $\sin \beta = \frac{5}{13}$.

Find the following EXACT VALUES.

$\sin \alpha$	$\cos \beta$	$\tan \alpha$	$\tan \beta$
$\cos(\alpha + \beta)$		$\cos(\alpha - \beta)$	
$\sin(\alpha - \beta)$		$\sin(\alpha + \beta)$	
$\tan(\alpha - \beta)$		$\sec(\alpha + \beta)$	
$\cot(\alpha - \beta)$		$\csc(\alpha - \beta)$	